



March Newsletter

Creative Beginnings Christian Preschool

We are all looking forward to Spring! Be patient- it's just around the corner! Our classes will be warming up with spring-like activities with Dr. Seuss, kites, rainbows, St. Patrick's Day, and so much more!

March is an in-between month
When wintry winds are high.
But milder days remind us all
Spring's coming, by and by!



DATES TO REMEMBER

Spring Break/Easter Break: No school March 25-April 2. School will resume on April 3

LOOKING AHEAD

April 3 + 4: Easter Parties

April 8: THERE WILL BE NO SCHOOL DUE TO THE SOLAR ECLIPSE!

We are following Lake's judgment and closing for the day, to allow our Staff and students to spend this once in a lifetime event with their families! We believe that this is a learning opportunity that families should experience together.

April 19: Dude and Dino Day (MWF Program)

Dad, or a parent approved grown up, will attend a portion of our school day today! More details to come!

April 23 + 24: Spring Pictures

May 6 + 7 (TENTATIVE): Mom and Me Days

Mom, or a parent approved grown up, will come with the child at a specific time, and stay with them for the duration.

May 14 + 15: Akron Zoo Field Trip:

PLEASE NOTE THE DATE CHANGES DUE TO ZOO AVAILABILITY.

May 16 + 17: End of the year Party at the school:

PLEASE NOTE THE DATE CHANGES



FUN WITH THE ALPHABET

After 20 minutes of hearing your child wail, "Now I know my ABC's!" you're starting to think that next time you won't sing with him to practice letters. Here are some other ways to have a little fun with the alphabet!

- Give the classic song a tune-up. Keep it from getting boring by singing it as quick or as slow as you can, roaring or whispering, or by hopping on one foot as you say each letter.
- Do the twist. Have your child try to form the letters with their bodies. (Ones with straight lines, like X and T, make fairly simple starting points.) This is great for two kids to do together, or join in yourself!
- Declare a letter day. Decide today is C day! Bake Cookies, Color with Crayons, read books about Cats, and point out the connection between letter C and its sounds. You can explore a new letter together each week.
- Play Tag. Use chalk to write the letters in your child's first name on the sidewalk, then challenge them to race to the next letter you call out, before you tag them. Up the ante by adding the letters in their last name too.
- Make your own alphabet book. Snap pictures of simple things in your neighborhood that start with different letters of the alphabet: an anthill for A, a bird for B, a car for C etc. Assemble the pictures into a small album- your preschooler will love their one-of-a-kind book of letters!
- Play with your food. A few pretzel sticks, carrots, or orange slices can form most of the letters of the alphabet. And who knows? Seeing their name spelled out in snacks may even tempt a picky eater.



SOCIAL SKILLS

When preparing for Kindergarten, most people know the importance of literacy skills—learning numbers, letters, sounds, being able to write names etc. But just as important, if not more so, are our social and emotional skills. Here are the top 5 social skills for Kindergarten readiness.

1. Be able to take turns, share, and work cooperatively with other children. Kindergarteners will spend a lot of time sharing materials and working in groups or pairs with their classmates. It is essential that they be able to do this without fighting, arguments, tears or fuss.

Practice: Help your child develop this skill by playing “what comes next?”. Start a story, and then take turns building it up together. For example, you can start the story by saying, “Once upon a time, there was a little girl.” The next person may add, “The little girl lived in the forest.” The following person might say, “One day a dragon knocked on her cottage door”, and so on until you reach the end of the story, or run out of time. There are times when the game does not go smoothly, because no one person is in control of the story. You have to be flexible, wait your turn, and work together. This is not always easy for children, which is why it is a great game to play.

2. Verbally communicate needs and feelings in an appropriate manner. One of the hardest parts of communicating with young children is their inability to control their emotions and express themselves. Much of the day can be taken up with tears and children who are unable to express what is wrong, so that a situation can be handled. In the preschool setting, we have a little more time to deal with these types of issues than they do in a kindergarten classroom. It is essential that children learn to express themselves verbally, assert themselves and treat others with respect.

Practice: Discuss feelings and let children express themselves on a daily basis. Give your child ample opportunity to practice their communication skills and express their feelings verbally. Ask them lots of questions about their day, what they liked and didn't like, what they'd like to do etc. This is especially important if you have a shy child at home—talk talk talk! If they are afraid to express themselves, they may be afraid to even ask to use the bathroom when they get to school. Your child needs to be comfortable with expressing themselves and voicing their basic needs.

3. Understand the difference between right and wrong, act accordingly, and be aware of the feelings of others. Being able to act in a non-disruptive manner, treat peers with respect, and exhibit empathy for others are a huge part of Kindergarten.

Practice: Role Playing is a great way to reinforce right and wrong, and appropriate behavior. Offer your child pretend scenarios and let them “act out” how they should react. For example, you might invite them to play with puppets or dolls or even dress up. Then provide scenarios such as: 2 dolls playing happily with a toy and a 3rd doll comes and takes the toy away. Ask- “what should the 2 dolls who lost their toy do?”. Discuss whether the 3rd doll should have taken the toy away and what would have been a better course of action (ask to play, wait their turn ect.) Take the opportunity to discuss not just the appropriate behaviors/ actions, but the feelings involved as well. Developing a sense of empathy for other children is a crucial part of social development.

4. Follow directions, understand rules, and respect authority. This one is huge! Your child must be able to listen to, and respect their teacher, and follow simple directions in the classroom.

Practice: Play games like: Mother May I, Simon Says, Follow the Leader, and Red Light Green Light. Children should be made aware of the directions for playing the game and play accordingly. Don't always let them go first or win every time. As parents and teachers, we tend to try to make things easy for our little ones, but at school they will be faced with not always being first, not being able to act on their every whim and desire, or being the winner of every game. It's best to prep them and help them to act in an acceptable manner versus acting out when things don't go as desired.

5. Adapt to transitions in a positive manner. A day in Kindergarten is busy—there is so much to do and fit in! Children must be able to go with the flow, and make transitions easily. They must be able to line up at the end of recess without the Teacher having to go and seek them out, or calling them multiple times. They should be able to move from whole group work to individual work. They should be able to smoothly transition from unpacking in the morning to getting ready to work. This is difficult for many children, especially if they have a very free routine at home.

Practice: Try to have an established routine at home. In the weeks before school starts, play school and practice how a school day might run. This can be as simple as you like, but be sure to incorporate some transitions. Set up a circle time and read a book together, followed by a craft time at the table. Once your activity is over, have a clean up time. Maybe incorporate a snack time, and then outdoor play or vice versa. Be sure to let your child open all of their food items independently—there won't be someone at lunch to open all of their food for them! The key here is getting children comfortable with change, and helping them adjust to necessary transitions.

Kindergarten is a fun time for most children. It involves lots of opportunity for social emotional development. Understanding the boundaries of the school setting, being able to work cooperatively, and being aware of and respecting the feelings of others are important social-emotional skills needed for kindergarten. Working on these skills before they get there is a great way to prepare your child to start school.